

Getting the Figures Right!**Cardinal numbers:**

0	17
1	18
2	19
3	20
4	30
5	40
6	50
7	60
8	70
9	80
10	90
11	
12	100
13	1,000*
14	1,000,000*
15	1,000,000,000*
16	1,000,000,000,000*

Instructions:

You are the student. You will be asked to read aloud in English the numbers on this page. The "teacher" will tell you if you are right or wrong and will help you if need be.

Roman numerals:

- I.
- II.
- III.
- IV.
- V.
- VI.
- VII.
- VIII.
- IX.
- X.
- XI.

21	Note that we use " and " when the number that follows is under 100 (at the end)
22	£3,641.40
33	\$62,502.05
34	5,204.39502
38	8,509,602

Important: "hundred", "thousand", "million", "billion", "trillion", "dozen" used as **adjectives** are invariable i.e. **they do not take an "s"**.

Ex: two hundred dollars, three thousand dollars, four million dollars, six trillion dollars, two dozen eggs

When they are used as **nouns (as in approximations)**, they take an "s" in the plural form:

Ex: hundreds of men, thousands of soldiers, billions of stars, trillions of dollars, dozens of people

Years:	Times:	Decimal points:
1866	une fois	1.5261
1999	deux fois	5.739
1907	trois fois	2.8206
2000	quatre fois	38.44

Ordinal numbers (used for rankings, centuries, fractions...):

1er	11e	30e	1/2
2e	12e	40e	1/3
3e	13e	50e	2/3
4e	14e	60e	3/4
5e	15e	70e	4/5
6e	16e	80e	5/8
7e	17e	90e	6/9
8e	18e	100e	7/10
9e	19e		5/12
10e	20e	1,000e	9/53

Fractions:

*Watch the spelling

Operations: $((3+6-7) \times 1) / 2 = 1$ "3 plus 6 minus 7 times 1 divided by 2 equals 1"