

**Getting the Figures Right!**

**Cardinal numbers:**

0	zero	17	seventeen
1	one	18	eighteen
2	two	19	nineteen
3	three	20	twenty
4	four	30	thirty
5	five	40	<b>forty (1)</b>
6	six	50	fifty
7	seven	60	sixty
8	eight	70	seventy
9	nine	80	eighty
10	ten	90	ninety
11	eleven		<b>(1) Ask the student to spell 40</b>
12	twelve	100	a hundred
13	thirteen	1,000*	a thousand
14	fourteen	1,000,000*	a million
15	fifteen	1,000,000,000*	a billion
16	sixteen	1,000,000,000,000*	a trillion (= lots, myriads...)

**Instructions:**  
**You are the teacher. You ask the student to read aloud in English the numbers on his page (the "student" page) that you will indicate. Each time you will tell the student if he/she is right or wrong. You will guide the student towards the right answer if necessary!**

**Roman numerals:**

I.	Roman numeral one
II.	Roman numeral two
III.	Roman numeral three
IV.	Roman numeral four
V.	Roman numeral five
VI.	Roman numeral six
VII.	Roman numeral seven
VIII.	Roman numeral eight
IX.	Roman numeral nine
X.	Roman numeral ten
XI.	Roman numeral eleven

...and so on

21	twenty-one*	Note that we use <b>"and"</b> when the number that follows is <b>under 100</b> (at the end):
22	twenty-two*	£3,641.40    three <b>thousand</b> six hundred <b>and</b> forty-one pounds <b>and forty pence</b>
33	thirty-three*	\$62,502.05    sixty-two <b>thousand</b> five hundred <b>and</b> two dollars <b>and five cents</b>
34	thirty-four*	5,204.39502    five thousand two hundred <b>and</b> four <b>point three nine five "o" two</b>
38	thirty-eight*	8,509, 602    eight <b>million</b> five hundred <b>and</b> nine thousand six hundred <b>and</b> two

**Important:** "hundred", "thousand", "million", "billion", "trillion", "dozen" used as **adjectives** are invariable i.e. **they do not take an "s"**.  
 Ex: two hundred dollars, three thousand dollars, four million dollars, six trillion dollars, two dozen eggs  
 When they are used as **nouns (as in approximations)**, they take an "s" in the plural form:  
 Ex: hundreds of men, thousands of soldiers, billions of stars, trillions of dollars, dozens of people

**Years:**

**Times:**

**Decimal points:**

1866	eighteen sixty-six	une fois	once	1.5261	one point five two six one
1999	nineteen ninety-nine	deux fois	twice	5.739	five point seven three nine
1907	nineteen o seven	trois fois	three times	2.8206	two point eight two o six
2000	the year two thousand	quatre fois	four times	38.44	thirty-eight point four four

**Ordinal numbers (used for rankings, centuries, fractions...):**

**Fractions:**

1er	1st first	11e	11th eleventh	30e	30th thirtieth	1/2	one half
2e	2nd second	12e	12th twelfth*	40e	40th fortieth*	1/3	one third
3e	3rd third	13e	13th thirteenth	50e	50th fiftieth	2/3	two thirds
4e	4th fourth	14e	14th fourteenth	60e	60th sixtieth	3/4	three quarters or fourths
5e	5th fifth	15e	15th fifteenth	70e	70th seventieth	4/5	four fifths
6e	6th sixth	16e	16th sixteenth	80e	80th eightieth	5/8	five eighths*
7e	7th seventh	17e	17th seventeenth	90e	90th ninetieth*	6/9	six ninths*
8e	8th eighth*	18e	18th eighteenth	100e	100th hundredth*	7/10	seven tenths
9e	9th ninth*	19e	19th nineteenth*			5/12	five twelfths*
10e	10th tenth	20e	20th twentieth*	1,000e	1,000th thousandth	9/53	nine fifty-thirds

\*Watch the spelling

**Operations:** ((3+6-7) x1)) / 2 = 1 or 3 plus 6 minus 7 times 1 divided by 2 equals 1